## AI4OPT Tutorial Series: Practice problems

## November 14, 2022

- 1. Let  $\{P_n : n \ge 1\}$  and  $\{Q_n : n \ge 1\}$  be probability measures on  $(\mathcal{X}_n, \mathcal{F}_n)$ . Prove that the following are equivalent:
  - $Q_n$  is contiguous to  $P_n$ .
  - For any sequence of real valued random variables  $T_n$ , if  $T_n \xrightarrow{P_n} 0$ , then  $T_n \xrightarrow{Q_n} 0$ .
- 2. Let  $\{P_n : n \geq 1\}$  and  $\{Q_n : n \geq 1\}$  be probability measures on  $(\mathcal{X}_n, \mathcal{F}_n)$ . If  $\mathbb{E}_{P_n}\left[\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}Q_n}{\mathrm{d}P_n}\right)^2\right]$  exists and remains bounded as  $n \to \infty$ , then  $\{Q_n : n \geq 1\}$  is contiguous to  $\{P_n : n \geq 1\}$ .
- 3. Let  $\sigma, \tau$  be iid samples from  $\text{Unif}(\{\pm 1\}^n)$ . Fix  $\lambda < 1$ . Prove that there exists M > 0 (independent of n) such that

$$\limsup_{n \to \infty} \mathbb{E} \Big[ \exp \left( \frac{\lambda^2}{2n} \langle \sigma, \tau \rangle^2 \right) \Big] \le M.$$

4. Fix  $\lambda, \mu > 0$ . Let  $\mathbf{W} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ ,  $\mathbf{W} = \mathbf{W}^{\top}$ ,  $\{W_{ij} : i < j\} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1/n)$  iid, and  $\{W_{ii} : 1 \leq i \leq n\} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 2/n)$  iid. Let  $\sigma$  be a uniform random sample from  $\{\pm 1\}^n$  and  $u \sim \mathcal{N}(0, I_p/p)$ . Finally, let  $\mathbf{A} = \frac{\lambda}{n} \sigma \sigma^{\top} + \mathbf{W}$ , and  $\mathbf{B} = [b_1, \cdots, b_n]$ ,  $b_i = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{n}} \sigma_i u + z_i$ , where  $z_i \sim \mathcal{N}(0, I_p/p)$  are iid. Assume that  $p/n \to 1/\gamma \in (0, \infty)$ . This is a gaussian version of the contextual stochastic block model. Prove that consistent detection is impossible if  $\lambda^2 + \frac{\mu^2}{\gamma} < 1$ .